

Red Sea Coral Day - Synopsis

- **Global Importance**: The loss of coral reefs globally threatens the well-being of millions, but biodiversity hotspots like the Red Sea remain critical for marine life and human livelihoods.
- **Red Sea Significance**: Home to some of the most biologically diverse coral reef communities outside Southeast Asia, the Red Sea boasts 6% endemic coral species and is one of the longest continuous reef systems in the world.
- **Economic Value**: The Red Sea's coral reefs support 28 million coastal inhabitants, generating over US \$230 million annually from fisheries and US \$12 billion from tourism, underscoring their socio-economic significance.
- Climate Refuge Potential: The Red Sea, particularly the Gulf of Aqaba, shows high thermal resilience, offering hope as a major global marine refuge in the face of climate change.
- SHAMS Leadership & Forum Goals: SHAMS leads efforts to protect and restore the Red Sea's coral reefs through expert collaboration. The Red Sea Coral Day will strengthen global partnerships, advance science-based conservation solutions, and position the Red Sea as a model for climate-adaptive marine ecosystems, setting new standards for coral reef protection and restoration.

1 Setting the scene – welcome and opening remarks

- Best practice is needed to succeed conservation
- Nationally aligned with Vision 2030, RSSS, NES
- Ensure holistic system and collaborative model to learn, share successes and challenges
- National, regional and international collaboration are critical
- 1st Red Sea Outlook report
- Insights from NEOM: Protect, rewild, recover
- Data sharing and trustful partnerships

#2 SHAMS – A leading organization to oversea the regulation, share protection, development, and sustainability of coral reefs in the Red Sea

- Red Sea is a climate refuge for corals and all biodiversity
- Prioritization of reefs and management actions is important for efficiency, resilience and restoration
- Vision: Communities, citizens, stakeholders: Engagement and awareness to strengthen pride and understanding of coral reefs as national icon and assets to the people, the economy and the world.
- Adaptive and community-engaging Resilience-Based Management
- Shift perceptions: Changing minds, changing behaviors, building communities, changing structures
- Restoration can help safeguard ecosystem services and support livelihoods.
- Science-based conservation strategies and management



3 Monitoring efforts in the Red Sea in response to Climate Change

- PERSEGA has established legal frameworks and regional action plans for international conservation
- SHAMS to engage with stakeholders and experts around the world: act quickly and adaptively
- First bleaching forum got partners together, shared best practices and lessons, and standardized methods
- Northern Red sea corals on average live below their thermal limits, and the Gulf of Aqaba is a Beacon of hope for the future
- Continuum from carrying capacity towards resilience-based management and reef stewardship



4 Safeguarding Red Sea coral reefs: conservation strategies and the importance for regional collaboration

- Red Sea underrepresented on UNESCO list but unique in history and resilience
- World Heritage Sites: Global recognition, prestige and attention, may require international collaboration
- Atlas of connectivity: Modeling ocean currents and source & sink reefs
- Small scale fishery most directly interact with coral reefs but historical data are a challenge in KSA
- Large concern about overfishing
- Knowledge on fish aggregation sites is very limited



#5 Sustainable tourism, and blue natural capital: Elevating and investing in the Red Sea as a coral refugia and national treasure

- Tourism has great potential but also great risk we need solutions
- Green Fins is an example of global standard for sustainable snorkeling and diving
- Saudi Red Sea Authority: Preserve Red Sea with coastal tourism in the right way
 - Goal: 19 million leisure tourists until 2030. Create 210k jobs.
- Natural capital value depends on ecological integrity
- Reefs have direct use values (market and non-market based), indirect values, iconic value. Protecting and enhancing this capital is key
- We need defined destinations and standards what does full sustainability look like.
- Use innovative finance tools (e.g., coral reef insurance) to safeguard ecosystems

Ways forward for KSA coral reef management





Best practices for conservation



National, regional and international collaboration



Data sharing and trustful partnerships



Prioritization and resilience



Communities, citizens, stakeholders



National icon asset to the people, the economy and the world



Act quickly and adaptively



Regionally relevant models



Carrying capacity and sustainable tourism

"There is huge potential of the development sector, communities and tourism to move from compliance to becoming active drivers of conservation."

Dr Abdulaziz Alsuwailem