

Coral Research Platform

Coral Accelerator Program (CAP) 2024

What is G20 CORDAP? - <u>COral Research and Development Accelerator Platform</u>

A G20 initiative focused on accelerating international research and development (R&D) targeting the most important knowledge gaps in coral conservation and restoration.

Launched during the Saudi Arabian G20 presidency, it is a not-for-profit foundation funded by voluntary contributions. Saudi Arabia's contribution is \$100M over 10 years— our target is \$300M to invest in innovation for coral conservation.

CORDAP's main activity is the funding, management, and execution of coordinated, collaborative, and targeted global R&D programs for coral conservation and restoration.

Includes an Initiative Governing Committee (IGC) composed of member countries and coral organizations and an international Scientific Advisory Committee (SAC).

King Abdullah University of Science & Technology (KAUST) resources, hosts, and supports administration– 100% of all contributions go to the funded coral conservation/restoration projects.











cordap.

CORDAP – an initiative to save corals and restore reefs through cordap science, technology, and capacity development









Focused on R&D

We are the only international organization fully dedicated to funding international collaborative R&D on coral conservation and restoration.

Fostering Global Collaboration

Integrate the abilities of the world's best scientific minds, from all nations, along with users and communities to develop effective solutions for coral conservation.

Committed to Scalability

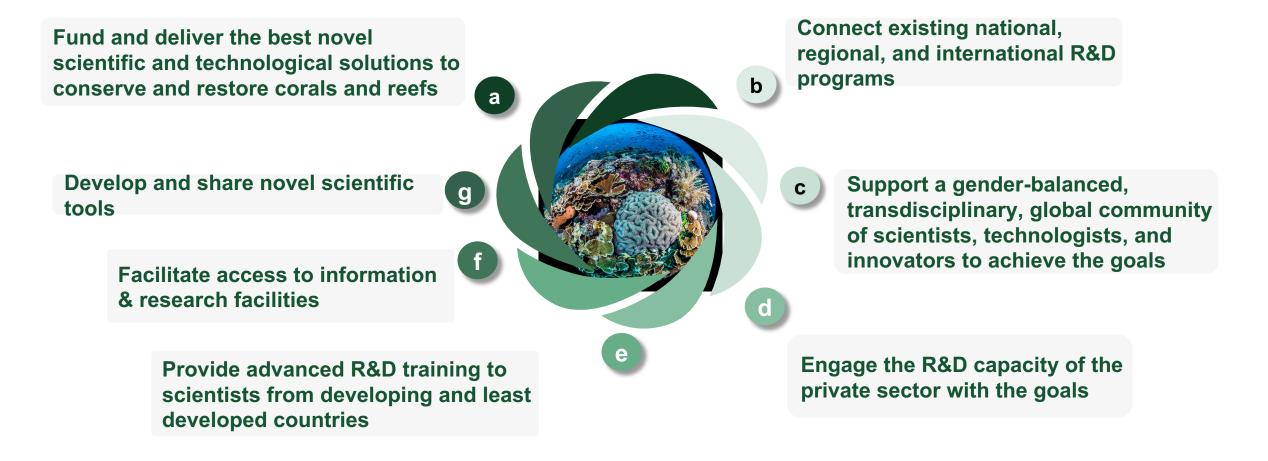
CORDAP-funded projects will deliver innovative coral restoration solutions fit for large-scale intervention.

Accessible to Everyone, Everywhere

Our solution are open access, will allow any organization to advance and use its technologies. Developed technologies must be made affordable and accessible

Global R&D spending is forecasted to reach over USD 2.5 trillion in 2024; however, ocean, coral, and reef research remains incredibly underfunded.

CORDAP – Goals and Objectives

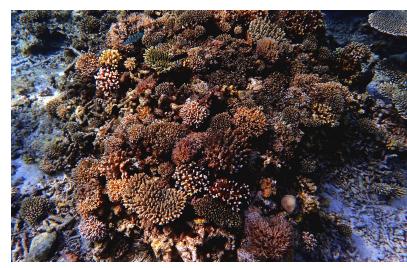


Ambitious, inclusive, and unique in its mission – A global effort including all tropical, shallow, and deep-water corals: *No Corals Left Behind*

cordap.org

CORDAP's "Coral Accelerator Program" (CAP): objectives and goals

- CORDAP will deliver:
 - technologies, methods, and processes that can be applied in conservation and restoration efforts across the world.
 - innovation crucial to filling the significant gap between current and required global capabilities.
- Projects funded under this program are expected to lead to *significant discoveries, innovations, and improvements* over the current state-of-the-art.
- Proposals *transcending different disciplines and fields*, and *including end-users* in the research, design, and development of projects, are strongly encouraged *identify suitable partners* and groups that can further develop and deploy the proposed technologies.





cordap.org

Important:

Must have a developing country partner.

Use the OECD list

Note that "upper middle income" countries are eligible.

Afghanistan (L) Democratic People's Republic of Korea Bangladesh (LM) Syrian Arab Republic Benin (LM) Syrian Arab Republic Burkina Faso (L) Burundi (L) Burundi (L) Cantbodia (LM) Central African Republic (L) Chad (L) Comoros (LM) Democratic Republic of the Congo (L) Djibouti (LM) Ethiopia (L) Gambia (L) Guinea-Bissau (L) Hatti (LM) Kiribati (LM) Las People's Democratic Republic (LM) Liberia (L) Liberia (L) Guinea-Bissau (L) Hatti (LM) Kiribati (LM) Madagascar (L) Madagascar (L) Malawi (L) Mauritania (LM) Mozambique (L) Minar(L) Mauritania (LM) Ninar (LM) Nozambique (L) Ninar (LM)	AlgeriaAlbaniaBelizeArgentinaBoliviaArmeniaCabo VerdeAzerbaijanCameroonBelarusCongoBosnia and HerzegovinaCôte d'IvoireBotswanaEgyptBrazilEl SalvadorChina (People's Republic of)EswatiniColombiaGhanaCosta RicaHondurasCubaIndiaDominicaIndonesiaDominica RepublicIranEcuadorKenyaEquatorial GuineaKyrgyzstanFijiMicronesiaGabonMongoliaGeorgiaMoroccoGranada
Bangladesh (LM) Syrian Arab Republic Bangladesh (LM) Syrian Arab Republic Benin (LM) Burkina Faso (L) Burruhi (L) Cambodia (LM) Central African Republic (L) Chad (L) Comorso (LM) Democratic Republic of the Congo (L) Djibouti (LM) Erritrea (L) Ethiopia (L) Gambia (L) Guinea (L) Guinea-Bissau (L) Haiti (LM) Kiribati (LM) Lao People's Democratic Republic (LM) Lesotho (LM) Liberia (L) Madagascar (L) Malawi (L) Malawi (L) Mali (L) Maui (L) May Muran (LM) Nozambique (L) Nyanmar (LM) Nepal (LM)	BoliviaArmeniaCabo VerdeAzerbaijanCameroonBelarusCongoBosnia and HerzegovinaCôte d'IvoireBotswanaEgyptBrazilEl SalvadorChina (People's Republic of)EswatiniColombiaGhanaCosta RicaHondurasCubaIndiaDominicaIndonesiaDominican RepublicIranEcuadorKeryaEquatorial GuineaKyrgyztanFijiMicronesiaGaonMongoliaGeorgia
Benin (LM) Bhutan' (LM) Burkina Faso (L) Burundi (L) Cambodia (LM) Central African Republic (L) Chad (L) Comoros (LM) Democratic Republic of the Congo (L) Djibouti (LM) Eritrea (L) Ethiopia (L) Gambia (L) Guinea -Bissau (L) Haiti (L) Kiribati (LM) Lao People's Democratic Republic (LM) Lesotho (LM) Liberia (L) Madagascar (L) Malawi (L) Mau (L)	Cabo VerdeAzerbaijanCameroonBelarusCongoBosnia and HerzegovinaCôte d'IvoireBotswanaEgyptBrazilEl SalvadorChina (People's Republic of)EswatiniColombiaGhanaCosta RicaHondurasCubaIndiaDominicaIndonesiaDominican RepublicIranEcuadorKeryaEquatorial GuineaKyrgyzstanFijiMicronesiaGabonMongoliaGeorgia
Bhutan' (LM) Burkina Faso (L) Burundi (L) Cambodia (LM) Central African Republic (L) Chad (L) Comoros (LM) Democratic Republic of the Congo (L) Dijbouti (LM) Eritrea (L) Ethiopia (L) Guinea (L) Guinea (L) Guinea-Bissau (L) Haiti (LM) Kiribati (LM) Lao People's Democratic Republic (LM) Lesotho (LM) Liberia (L) Madagascar (L) Malawi (L) Malawi (L) Mala (L) Mali (L) Mauritania (LM) Mozambique (L) Myanmar (LM) Nepal (LM)	CameroonBelarusCongoBosnia and HerzegovinaCôte d'IvoireBotswanaEgyptBrazilEl SalvadorChina (People's Republic of)EswatiniColombiaGhanaCosta RicaHondurasCubaIndiaDominicaIndonesiaDominican RepublicIranEcuadorKenyaEquatorial GuineaKyrgyzstanFijiMicronesiaGaonMongoliaGeorgia
Burkina Faso (L) Burundi (L) Cambodia (LM) Central African Republic (L) Chad (L) Democratic Republic of the Congo (L) Djibouti (LM) Eritrea (L) Ethiopia (L) Gambia (L) Gambia (L) Guinea-Bissau (L) Hatti (LM) Lao People's Democratic Republic (LM) Lao People's Democratic Republic (LM) Liberia (L) Madagascar (L) Malawi (L) Malawi (L) Mali (L) Mali (L) Mauritania (LM) Mozambique (L) Myanmar (LM) Nepal (LM)	CongoBosnia and HerzegovinaCôte d'IvoireBotswanaEgyptBrazilEl SalvadorChina (People's Republic of)EswatiniColombiaGhanaCosta RicaHondurasCubaIndiaDominicaIndiaDominicaIndonesiaDominican RepublicIranEcuadorKenyaEquatorial GuineaKyrgyzstanFijiMicronesiaGaonMongoliaGeorgia
Burundi (L) Cambodia (LM) Central African Republic (L) Chad (L) Comoros (LM) Democratic Republic of the Congo (L) Djibouti (LM) Eritrea (L) Ethiopia (L) Gambia (L) Gaubia (L) Guinea-Bissau (L) Haiti (LM) Lioena-Bissau (L) Haiti (LM) Lao People's Democratic Republic (LM) Lesotho (LM) Liberia (L) Madagascar (L) Malawi (L) Malawi (L) Malawi (L) Malawi (L) Malawi (L) Malawi (L) Mauritania (LM) Mozambique (L) Myanmar (LM)	Côte d'IvoireBotswanaEgyptBrazilEl SalvadorChina (People's Republic of)EswatiniColombiaGhanaCosta RicaHondurasCubaIndiaDominicaIndonesiaDominican RepublicIranEcuadorKenyaEquatorial GuineaKyrgyzstanFijiMicronesiaGabonMongoliaGeorgia
Cambodia (LM) Central African Republic (L) Chad (L) Comoros (LM) Democratic Republic of the Congo (L) Djibouti (LM) Eritrea (L) Ethiopia (L) Gambia (L) Guinea -Bissau (L) Haiti (LM) Kiribati (LM) Lao People's Democratic Republic (LM) Lesotho (LM) Liberia (L) Madagascar (L) Malawia (L) Malawi (L) Mali (L) Maui (L)	EgyptBrazilEl SalvadorChina (People's Republic of)EswatiniColombiaGhanaCosta RicaHondurasCubaIndiaDominicaIndonesiaDominican RepublicIranEcuadorKenyaEquatorial GuineaKyrgyzstanFijiMicronesiaGaonMongoliaGeorgia
Central African Republic (L) Chad (L) Comoros (LM) Democratic Republic of the Congo (L) Djibouti (LM) Eritrea (L) Ethiopia (L) Gambia (L) Guinea -Bissau (L) Haiti (LM) Kiribati (LM) Liao People's Democratic Republic (LM) Lesotho (LM) Liberia (L) Madagascar (L) Malawi (L) Malawi (L) Malui (L) Mauriania (LM) Mozambique (L) Myanmar (LM) Nepal (LM)	El Salvador China (People's Republic of) Eswatini Colombia Ghana Costa Rica Honduras Cuba India Dominica Indonesia Dominican Republic Iran Ecuador Kenya Equatorial Guinea Kyrgyzstan Fiji Micronesia Gabon Mongolia Georgia
Chad (L) Comoros (LM) Democratic Republic of the Congo (L) Djibouti (LM) Eritrea (L) Ethiopia (L) Gambia (L) Guinea -Bissau (L) Haiti (LM) Kiribati (LM) Lao People's Democratic Republic (LM) Lesotho (LM) Liberia (L) Madagascar (L) Malawi (L) Malawi (L) Mali (L) Mali (L) Mali (L) Mauriania (LM) Mozambique (L) Myanmar (LM) Nepal (LM)	EswatiniColombiaGhanaCosta RicaHondurasCubaIndiaDominicaIndonesiaDominicanIranEcuadorKenyaEquatorial GuineaKyrgyzstanFijiMicronesiaGabonMongoliaGeorgia
Comoros (LM) Democratic Republic of the Congo (L) Djibouti (LM) Eritrea (L) Ethiopia (L) Gambia (L) Gauinea (L) Guinea -Bissau (L) Haiti (LM) Lao People's Democratic Republic (LM) Lao People's Democratic Republic (LM) Lesotho (LM) Liberia (L) Madagascar (L) Malawi (L) Malawi (L) Malawi (L) Malawi (L) Mali (L) Mauritania (LM) Mozambique (L) Myanmar (LM) Nepal (LM)	GhanaCosta RicaHondurasCubaIndiaDominicaIndonesiaDominican RepublicIranEcuadorKenyaEquatorial GuineaKyrgyzstanFijiMicronesiaGabonMongoliaGeorgia
Democratic Republic of the Congo (L) Djibouti (LM) Eritrea (L) Ethiopia (L) Gambia (L) Guinea-Bissau (L) Haiti (LM) Kiribati (LM) Lao People's Democratic Republic (LM) Lao People's Democratic Republic (LM) Lesotho (LM) Liberia (L) Madagascar (L) Malawi (L) Malawi (L) Malawi (L) Malawi (L) Malawi (L) Mautrania (LM) Mozambique (L) Myanmar (LM)	HondurasCubaIndiaDominicaIndonesiaDominican RepublicIranEcuadorKenyaEquatorial GuineaKyrgyzstanFijiMicronesiaGabonMongoliaGeorgia
Djibouti (LM) Eritrea (L) Ethiopia (L) Gambia (L) Guinea-Bissau (L) Haiti (LM) Kiribati (LM) Lao People's Democratic Republic (LM) Lesotho (LM) Liberia (L) Madagascar (L) Malawi (L) Malavi (L) Mali (L) Mauri (L)	IndiaDominicaIndonesiaDominican RepublicIranEcuadorKenyaEquatorial GuineaKyrgyzstanFijiMicronesiaGabonMongoliaGeorgia
Eritrea (L) Ethiopia (L) Gambia (L) Guinea (L) Guinea Elssau (L) Haiti (LM) Kiribati (LM) Lao People's Democratic Republic (LM) Lesotho (LM) Liberia (L) Madagascar (L) Malawi (L) Malawi (L) Malawi (L) Mali (L) Mauritania (LM) Mozambique (L) Myanmar (LM) Nepal (LM)	IndonesiaDominican RepublicIranEcuadorKenyaEquatorial GuineaKyrgyzstanFijiMicronesiaGabonMongoliaGeorgia
Ethiopia (L) Gambia (L) Guinea (L) Guinea -Bissau (L) Haiti (LM) Kiribati (LM) Lao People's Democratic Republic (LM) Lesotho (LM) Liberia (L) Madagascar (L) Malawi (L) Mali (L) Mali (L) Mauritania (LM) Mozambique (L) Myanmar (LM) Nepal (LM)	Iran Ecuador Kenya Equatorial Guinea Kyrgyzstan Fiji Micronesia Gabon Mongolia Georgia
Gambia (L) Guinea (L) Guinea-Bissau (L) Haiti (LM) Lao People's Democratic Republic (LM) Lesotho (LM) Liberia (L) Madagascar (L) Malawi (L) Malavi (L) Mali (L) Mauritania (LM) Mozambique (L) Myanmar (LM) Nepal (LM)	KenyaEquatorial GuineaKyrgyzstanFijiMicronesiaGabonMongoliaGeorgia
Guinea (L) Guinea-Bissau (L) Haiti (LM) Kiribati (LM) Lao People's Democratic Republic (LM) Lesotho (LM) Liberia (L) Madagascar (L) Malavi (L) Mali (L) Mauritania (LM) Mozambique (L) Myanmar (LM) Nepal (LM)	Kyrgyzstan Fiji Micronesia Gabon Mongolia Georgia
Guinea-Bissau (L) Haiti (LM) Kiribati (LM) Lao People's Democratic Republic (LM) Lesotho (LM) Liberia (L) Madagascar (L) Malawi (L) Malawi (L) Mauritania (LM) Mozambique (L) Myanmar (LM) Nepal (LM)	Micronesia Gabon Mongolia Georgia
Haiti (LM) Kiribati (LM) Lao People's Democratic Republic (LM) Lesotho (LM) Liberia (L) Madagascar (L) Malawi (L) Mali (L) Mauritania (LM) Mozambique (L) Myanmar (LM) Nepal (LM)	Mongolia Georgia
Kiribati (LM) Lao People's Democratic Republic (LM) Lesotho (LM) Liberia (L) Madagascar (L) Malawi (L) Mali (L) Mauritania (LM) Mozambique (L) Myanmar (LM) Nepal (LM)	
Lao People's Democratic Republic (LM) Lesotho (LM) Liberia (L) Madagascar (L) Malavi (L) Mali (L) Mauritania (LM) Mozambique (L) Myanmar (LM) Nepal (LM)	Morocco
Lesotho (LM) Liberia (L) Madagascar (L) Malavi (L) Maluriania (LM) Mozambique (L) Myanmar (LM) Nepal (LM)	WOLDCO CIEITAUA
Liberia (L) Madagascar (L) Malawi (L) Mauritania (LM) Mozambique (L) Myanmar (LM) Nepal (LM)	Nicaragua Guatemala
Madagascar (L) Malawi (L) Mali (L) Mauritania (LM) Mozambique (L) Myanmar (LM) Nepal (LM)	Nigeria Guyana
Malawi (L) Mali (L) Mauritania (LM) Mozambique (L) Myanmar (LM) Nepal (LM)	Pakistan
Mali (L) Mauritania (LM) Mozambique (L) Myanmar (LM) Nepal (LM)	Papua New Guinea Jamaica
Mauritania (LM) Mozambique (L) Myanmar (LM) Nepal (LM)	Philippines Jordan
Mozambique (L) Myanmar (LM) Nepal (LM)	Samoa Kazakhstan
Myanmar (LM) Nepal (LM)	Sri Lanka Kosovo
Nepal (LM)	Tajikistan
	Tokelau* Libya
Niger (I.)	Tunisia Malaysia
Niger (L)	Ukraine Maldives
Rwanda (L)	Uzbekistan Marshall Islands
Sao Tome and Principe ¹ (LM)	Vanuatu Mauritius
Senegal (LM)	Viet Nam Mexico
Sierra Leone (L)	West Bank and Gaza Strip Moldova
Solomon Islands ¹ (LM)	Zimbabwe Montenegro
Somalia (L)	Montserrat*
South Sudan (L)	Namibia
Sudan (L)	Nauru ² (H)
Tanzania (LM)	Niue*
Timor-Leste (LM)	North Macedonia
Togo (L)	Palau
Tuvalu (UM)	Panama
Uganda (L)	Paraguay
Yemen (L)	Peru
Zambia (LM)	Saint Helena*
(1) General Assembly resolution A/73/L.40/Rev.1 adopted on 13 December	Saint Lucia

South Africa

Suriname

Thailand

Tonga

Turkey

Turkmenistan

Wallis and Futuna*

BETTER POLICIES FOR BETTER LIVES

Venezuela³

graduate six years after the adoption of the resolution, i.e. on 13 December 2024.

(2) Nauru exceeded the high-income threshold in 2019 and 2020. In accordance with the DAC rules for revision of this List, if it remains a high income country until 2022, it will be proposed for graduation from the List in the 2023 review.

(3) Venezuela has been temporarily unclassified by the World Bank in July 2021 pending release of revised national accounts statistics. Estimated placement on the List.

*Countries and territories not classified in World Bank income groups. Estimated placement on the List.

Note: L, LM, UM and H shown after country names refer to the latest World Bank income classifications of: LDCs and any high-income countries that have not vet met the criteria for graduation. For the World Bank's current 2021 fiscal year, low-income (L) economies are defined as those with a GNI per capita, calculated using the World Bank Atlas method, of USD 1,045 or less in 2020; lower middle-income (LM) economies are those with a GNI per capita between USD 1,046 and USD 4,095; upper middle-income (UM) economies are those with a GNI per capita between USD 4.096 and USD 12.695; high-income (H) economies are those with a GNI per capita of USD 12.696 or more. The countries and territories within the classifications of 'Low Income Countries'. 'Lower Middle Income Countries and Territories', and 'Upper Middle Income Countries and Territories' exclude those that are not LDCs.

CORDAP's third call - CAP 2024

This program will fund *international collaborative research teams* with impactful ideas in coral conservation and restoration.

Eligible projects can span across the full range of novel early-phase projects through to final proof-ofconcept development and testing.

- 1. \$1.5M per project projects can run between one and three years in length.
- 2. Budget for 2024 call approx. USD\$8.5M

The first stage is the submission of a Concept Note (pre-proposal).

Red Sea bleaching (Aug. 2024)





CORDAP CAP – Project Types and Priority Areas

Call will support a wide range of project types:

- Novel R&D projects
- Improving or scaling up existing interventions
- Translational R&D
- Fundamental science to support implementation of interventions
- Capacity development+local innovation and implementation

CORDAP has also been organizing a range of workshops with wide participation on specific topics that require further investigation before targeted investment.

Priority Areas

- 1. Preservation and conservation of corals
- 2. Intervention planning, risk, and monitoring
- 3. Limiting mortality of early life stage corals
- 4. Methods to blend natural and artificial reef recovery

cordap.o

- 5. Developing country R&D methods
- 6. R&D capacity development
- 7. Assisted evolution of corals
- 8. Coral aquaculture
- 9. Cold-water corals

CORDAP CAP 2024– Key Dates

- 1. Launched on September 2nd CALL NOW OPEN
- 2. Call Webinars Sept. 18th 6am and 3pm UTC
- 3. Concept Note submission deadline: <u>October 21st</u> <u>5pm UTC</u>
- 4. Anticipated notification/invitation to submit Full Proposal – late-Dec. 2024
- 5. Anticipated funding notifications July 2025



cordap.org

CORDAP Scoping Studies-Technology Road Maps - https://cordap.org/studies-roadmaps/

CORDAP Scoping Studies are short-term (< 6 months) activities, centered around a workshop, that bring together world experts in relevant topics, with the outputs being:

- Summary of current knowledge
- Recommended priorities and options for funding and investment
- Technology Roadmaps to help align and guide global R&D efforts in the area

Coral R&D Capacity Development

Helping to build the research, development, and technical capacity of developing nations. Workshop was held in Mombasa, Kenya, March 12-14th 2024.

Natural Adaptation and Assisted Evolution of Corals

Workshop hosted at KAUST, Saudi Arabia with AIMS, 24-27th Jan 2023



CORDAP R&D TECHNOLOGY ROADMAP FOR UNDERSTANDING NATURAL ADAPTATION AND ASSISTED EVOLUTION OF CORALS TO CLIMATE CHANGE

Coral Aquaculture (Innovative Technologies for Reef Restoration) Workshop hosted by CORDAP and KAUST Reefscape Restoration Initiative at

KAUST, Saudi Arabia, 2023

EXPLORING THE FRONTIER OF CORAL AQUACULTURE

CORDAP R&D TECHNOLOGY ROADMAP

cordap

Managing Ecological Risks of Coral Reef Interventions

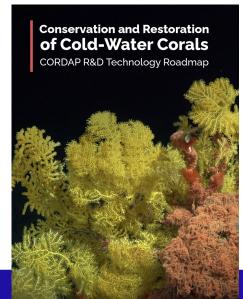
Workshop hosted by AIMS and held in Brisbane, Australia from 22nd to 25th of January 2024.

MANAGING THE ECOLOGICAL RISKS OF CORAL REEF INTERVENTIONS

cordap

Cold Water Corals -Conservation and Restoration Workshop held in Oslo, Norway

hosted by RevOcean, May 10-12th 2023



narch mant It

cordap

CORDAP Funding

Coral R&D Funding Programs

- Coral Accelerator Program (CAP) funds global collaborative R&D projects up to \$1.5M over 3 years.
- CAP 2022 \$18M awarded to 14 projects (now underway).
- CAP 2023 \$10M awarded to 8 projects, which will start soon.
- CAP 2024 –Launched on September 2nd.
- NEW Small Grants Program for developing countries to be launched at start of 2025.

In CAP 2023, over US \$159 million was requested from 120 proposals with 605 applicants involving 85 countries.

You are all very aware of the crisis corals, and ourselves, are facing. CORDAP needs all the help it can get to fund these critical projects to ensure sustainable coral reef conservation and/or restoration AFFORDABLE and at the scale we need – there is a BIG OPPORTUNITY to get involved and help fund this work!

